Plus return to 1345/01

year ago, the physical volume of work going to bid this year (other than homebuilding) trails 1969 by about 6%.

Capital costs are the highest in several generations, responding to 1970's sharp rise in borrowing for construction including some projects awarded prior to 1970. State and municipal bond sales for construction soared 46% over 1969's first half, corporate security sales 73%. Because the financing calendar heavy, long-term borrowing costs aren't about to falter.

The stock market's fall to its lowest in seven years hurts institutional construction by shrinking private college and hospital endowment funds.

Multi-unit housing. Private multi-unit housing's gain reflects private apartments' sluggish year-ago volume. But financing costs are high and funds are scarce so the overdue sharp rebound in this market is several months off.

has pushed capproved Ear/Release 2000 ppt and the sound of the company of the com in operating engineers pay dispute

The Building Contractors Association (BCA) of New Jersey last week asked the President's Council of Economic Advisers and the Construction Industry Collective Bargaining Commission for help in its attempt to avoid an inflationary wage settlement with Local 325 of the International Union of Operating Engineers. The dispute is considered a dramatic example of the construction wage inflation problem

The union, now on an eight-hour day, has demanded a six-bour day with no loss in pay, plus new and costly travel time and manning provisions. The changes the union wants would give operating engineers \$120.74 a day or \$603,70 for a five-day week, the BCA says. When the side effects of such an agreement are compounded tractors would be billing owner \$18 to \$20 an hour for the service operating engineer, it explains ators in the union's major classiare now earning \$336.40 a vi straight time pay and fringe ben This is the fourth time in the weeks that the Administration ceived an SOS from the construc dustry. Last month, eight nation tractor associations in the Cou Construction Exployers asked I controls with a rollback in wage Jan. 1, 1970, levels; the Nation ciation of Home Builders re Presidential help short of war controls; and the Builders Ass of Chicago asked the White I: issue an inflation/alert for (ENR 7/2 p.10). As of last week. tive response had been received of these requests other than a l ing commission request for n tensive modiation of the New

dispute. Out in/left field. Negotiations y cal 82**5**, a powerful union wit wide jurisdiction, have been un for several months with three BCA (an Associated Genera tractors' building chapter, the ated General Contractors of N_{\odot} (a heavy and highway chapter) and the Structural Steel and C. tal Iron Association. Three y thesa three groups had been in-Local 825 negotiations that we bitration, producing a guaran nual wage proposal from the retary of Labor and the Xe Commissioner of Labor and (ENR 9/8/86 p. 17).

As in the last go-around, th negotiations \had | Vitle coor and last week the New Je: made the first syldement, a increase that All, for examination operators \$3.95 more over the next three years. Tha does not change that eight-hour

Faced with this silvation, BG had earlier filed untar labor bargain/in good faith\charge the union, persuaded Ligal 8. tinue/to negotiate and to post; July/8 strike action it could be that Washington interest in ation might somehow prod seak in the stalemate

Cost of FBI building soars 70%

14. A. A.

Rising more slowly than its cost, the federal government's most expensive office building is taking shape on a blocksquare site along Washington's Pennsylvania Avenue.

Cost of the new home of the Federal Bureau of Investigation will be \$102 million when completed four years from now, about \$8 million more than the Rayburn House Office Building finished in 1966 and \$42 million more than estimated in 1962.

Inflation accounts for much of the 70% increase over the original figure, the General Services Administration (GSA) says. GSA officials add, however, that a decision to make the building "something more than another box-like federal office," also boosted cost.

One GSA official says, "The original estimates were for a normal, routine box building, which we now feel would have done very little to inspire Pennsylvania Avenue as a major thorough-

The Fine Arts Commission and the Temporary Commission on Pennsylvania Avenue selected C.F. Murphy Associates, Chicago architects, to design the building.

The design calls for a reinforced concrete building eight stories high along the 520-ft frontage on Pennsylvania. The largest contract, worth an esti- July/8 strike action it could be Approved For Release 2002/05/09 \$ CARDES6-09244R0003000120029-1 canwhile. BCA was Avenue and II stories high in the real of the Interior walls of the 2.5-million-sq-ft building will be precast concrete.



There will be a wide setback from the street and a court near the building's

Facilities will include general office space, national laboratories, record and fingerprint archives, training sites and parking for 750 cars.

After recent riots at the present FBI headquarters, security provisions added to the new design boosted cost as did provisions for showing tourists through the building without disrupting everyday FBI work

Norair Engineering Corp., Washington, D.C., holds the \$10.9-million contract for excavation, foundations and the two lowest of four basement levels. A \$4.7-million contract went to Blake Construction Co., Inc., Washington, D.C., last week for the other two basement levels.

structure, is still to be let. The GSA may award it next summer.